



## **Overview**

| Synonyms                   | Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 18, TNFRSF18, Glucocorticoid-<br>induced TNFR-related protein, CD357, TNFRSF18, AITR, GITR   |
|----------------------------|--|
| Description                | GITR (glucocorticoid-induced tumor necrosis factor receptor), also known as AITR and TNFRSF18, is a 40 kDa transmembrane glycoprotein that functions in immune regulation. Mature human GITR consists of a 137 amino acid extracellular domain (ECD) with three tandem TNFR cysteine-rich repeats, a 21 aa transmembrane segment, and a 58 aa cytoplasmic domain. Within the ECD, human GITR shares 55% and 60% aa sequence identity with mouse and rat GITR, respectively. Alternative splicing generates an isoform with a short deletion in the cytoplasmic domain and a potentially secreted isoform that is substituted within the third TNFR repeat and lacks the transmembrane and cytoplasmic regions. GITR is expressed on CD4+CD25+ regulatory T cells (Treg) as well as on subsets of thymocytes, lymph node cells, and splenocytes, and it is upregulated on antigen-activated conventional CD4+ and CD8+ T cells. GITR binding by GITR Ligand/TNFSF18 costimulates the proliferation and activation of CD4+ or CD8+ conventional T cells. It also induces the proliferation of Treg but inhibits the ability of Treg to suppress immune responses. This can result in the development of autoimmunity, increased tumor cell killing by effector T cells, and increased inflammation in arthritis, allergic asthma, and inflammatory bowel disease. GITR is also expressed on sympathetic neurons where it enhances NGF-induced neurite outgrowth and branching. Recombinant Human GITR Fc Chimera produced in HEK293 cells is a polypeptide chain containing 369 amino acids with the C-termimal human IgG1 Fc fragment. A fully biologically active molecule, rhGITR has a molecular mass of 50 kDa analyzed by reducing SDS-PAGE and is obtained by chromatographic techniques. |
| Source                     | HEK293   |
| <b>Biological Activity</b> | by Streptavidin-HRP. Background was subtracted from data points before curve fitting.  |
| Sequence                   | Gln <sup>26</sup> -Glu <sup>161</sup> (Accession #: Q9Y5U5-1), expressed with a C-terminal human IgG1 Fc<br>fragment<br>QRPTGGPG CGPGRLLL GTGTDARC CRVHTTRC CRDYPGEE<br>CCSEWDCM CVQPEFHC GDPCCTTC RHHPCPPG QGVQSQGK<br>FSFGFQCI DCASGTFS GGHEGHCK PWTDCTQF GFLTVFPG<br>NKTHNAVC VPGSPPAE  |

## **Properties**

| Molecular Weight | 50 kDa, observed by reducing SDS-PAGE.   |
|------------------|--|
| Purity           | > 95% as analyzed by reducing SDS-PAGE.  |
| Formulation      | Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS, 5% trehalose and mannitol.   |
| Reconstitution   | Reconstituted in ddH2O or PBS at 100 µg/ml.  |
| Endotoxin Level  | < 0.1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.   |
| Usage            | Lyophilized recombinant <b>GITR Fc Chimera, Human</b> remains stable up to 6 months at lower than -70°C from date of receipt. Upon reconstitution, Human GITR Fc Chimera should be stable up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. For long term storage it is recommended that a carrier protein (example 0.1% BSA) be added. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. |

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