



Overview

Synonyms	Macrophage Inflammatory Protein-1±, CCL3, LD78±
Description	MIP-1 Alpha, also known as CCL3, G0S19-1 and SCYA3, is a small inducible monokine
	belonging to the intercrine beta (chemokine CC) family. It binds to CCR1, CCR4 and
	CCR5, and participates in the host response to invading pathogens by regulating the
	trafficking and activation of inflammatory cells, such as macrophages, lymphocytes, NK
	cells and dendritic cells. MIP-1 alpha polymorphisms are associated with HIV
	susceptibility or resistance. Recombinant MIP-1 alpha induces a dose-dependent
	inhibition of HIV and SIV infection.
Accession No	P10147
Species	Human
Source	СНО
Biological Activity	ED_{50} < 100 ng/ml, measured in a calcium flux assay using CHO/G±15 cells expressing
	CCR5.
Sequence	ADTPTACCFS YTSRQIPQNF IADYFETSSQ CSKPGVIFLT
	KRSRQVCADP SEEWVQKYVS DLELSA

Properties

Measured Molecula Weight	r 8-10 kDa, observed by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Purity	> 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE and HPLC.
Formulation	Lyophilized after extensive dialysis against PBS.
Reconstitution	Reconstituted in ddH₂O or PBS at 100 µg/ml.
Endotoxin Level	< 0.2 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Storage	Lyophilized recombinant Human MIP-1 Alpha remains stable up to 6 months at lower
	than -70°C from date of receipt. Upon reconstitution, Human MIP-1 Alpha should be
	stable up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 2 months at -20°C.
Note	For research use only

India Contact:

Life Technologies (India) Pvt. Ltd. 306, Aggarwal City Mall, Opposite M2K Pitampura, Delhi – 110034 (INDIA). Mobile: +91-9810521400, Ph: +91-11-42208000 Email: <u>customerservice@lifetechindia.com</u> Web: <u>www.lifetechindia.com</u>