

## Overview

<b>Description</b>	MIC-B (MHC class I chain-related gene B) is a transmembrane glycoprotein that functions as a ligand for human NKG2D. A closely related protein, MIC-A, shares 85% amino acid identity with MIC-B. These 2 proteins are distantly related to the MHC class I proteins. MIC-A and MIC-B (MIC-A/B) possess three extracellular immunoglobulin-like domains, but have no capacity to bind peptide or interact with $\beta$ 2-microglobulin. The genes encoding MIC-A/B are found within the major histocompatibility complex on human chromosome 6. The MIC-B locus is polymorphic with more than 15 recognized human alleles. MIC-A/B are minimally expressed on normal cells, but are frequently expressed on epithelial tumors and can be induced by bacterial and viral infections. MIC-A/B are ligands for NKG2D, an activating receptor expressed on NK cells, NKT cells, $\hat{I}\hat{J}$ T cells, and CD8+ $\beta$ T cells. Recognition of MIC-A/B by NKG2D results in the activation of cytolytic activity and/or cytokine production by these effector cells. MIC-A/B recognition is involved in tumor surveillance, viral infections, and autoimmune diseases. The release of soluble forms of MIC-A/B from tumors down-regulates NKG2D surface expression on effector cells resulting in the impairment of anti-tumor immune response.
<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Source</b>	<i>E. coli</i>
<b>Biological Activity</b>	Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The specific activity is determined by binding MICB antibody in ELISA.
<b>Sequence</b>	<pre> AEPHSLRYNL MVLSDQESVQ SGFLAEGHLD GQPFLRYDRQ KRRAKPQQGW AEDVLGAKTW DTETEDLTEN GQDLRRTLTH IKDQKGGGLHS LQEIRVCEIH EDSSTRGSRH FYYDGELFLS QNLETQESTV PQSSRAQTLA MNVTNFWKED AMKTKTHYRA MQADCLQKLQ RYLKSGVAIR RTVPPMVNVT CSEVSEGNIT VTCRASSFYP RNITLTLWRQD GVSLSHNTQQ WG           </pre>

## Properties

<b>Measured Molecular Weight</b>	Approximately 32.8 kDa, a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 287 amino acids.
<b>Purity</b>	> 95 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 $\mu$ m filtered concentrated solution in 20 mM Tris, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and stored at d -20 °C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.
<b>Endotoxin Level</b>	Less than 1 EU/ $\mu$ g of rHuMIC-B as determined by LAL method.
<b>Physical Appearance</b>	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.
<b>Usage</b>	This material is for research, laboratory or further evaluation purposes. NOT FOR HUMAN USE.
<b>Storage</b>	This lyophilized preparation is stable at 2-8 °C, but should be kept at -20 °C for long term storage, preferably desiccated. Upon reconstitution, the preparation is stable for up to one week at 2-8 °C. For maximal stability, apportion the reconstituted preparation into working aliquots and store at -20 °C to -70 °C. <b>Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.</b>

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